

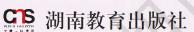
#### 义务教育教科书

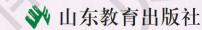
# Etil English

#### 三年级起点 六年级下册

编著 小学英语教科书编委会 主编 秦秀白

Name	Class	No





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同学们, 你们好! 欢迎来到英语学习的新天地! 从现在起你们将在老师的引导下,与 Wang Li、Zhou Lin、Li Xiao、Amy、Andy 及小乌龟 Ted 一道成长,一起学习、歌唱、游戏,逐步学会用英语进行交流、倾诉和分享; 学会表演小故事和短剧,演唱简单的英语歌谣,观察和描述美丽的图片,了解国内外文化习俗和风情,阅读和认知更为广阔的世界。

本套教科书根据教育部 2011 年颁发的《义务教育英语课程标准》二级标准进行修订,以三年级为起点,按学期分为 8 册。三、四年级每册分 9 个学习单元和 3 个复习单元,五、六年级每册分 10 个学习单元和 2 个复习单元,建议每个单元用 4 学时学习;根据整体学习需要,各册有选择性地设置了总结学习规律、体验英语文化及拓展国际视野的开放性学习内容。

本套教科书根据"话题+功能+词汇+结构+活动"建构体系,按照"听说为先,读写跟上;点面结合,不断复现;循序渐进,螺旋上升"的原则编排内容,从学生熟悉的事物和生活确定单元话题,围绕话题选择素材、设计活动,强调综合语言运用能力,强调英语的工具性和人文性;学习单元分A、B两部分,通过活动将情景对话、单词学习、复习巩固和评价融为一体,强调在语境中学习和培养用英语做事情的综合实践能力及开放创新的思维方式;三、四年级的复习单元是总结学习内容,五、六年级的复习单元是先通过活动整理知识,再进行Fun Reading与 Culture Tips 阅读,逐步实现人文素养和文化意识的培养。

本套教科书力求体现以下特点:一、以学生为中心,强调自主学习,寓学于乐,通过听说、读写、游戏、吟唱、玩演等任务引领学习活动;二、与时俱进,强调学习情境的真实性和语言的自然流畅;三、协作学习,强调探究与创新,设计合作学习、评价和开放思维的空间,培养团结精神和自信心;四、渗透爱国意识教育,强调中华优秀文化传承;五、精选学习内容,强调教学资源的选择性和开放性,设计Fun Time、Story Time、Game Time等供选择和体验;六、注重整体学习,强调学习规律的归纳整理,除词汇表外各册还分别设计了Phonics、日常用语等附录。

同学们,要学好英语,用英语做事,就要多听、多说、多读、多写,保持兴趣,充满自信,相信"I can do it!"只要通过反复实践,就能学好英语,用好英语,逐步提高综合语言运用的能力,为面向未来和走向世界打下坚实的基础。

同学们,让我们一起踏上英语学习的新航程吧! 预祝你们成功!

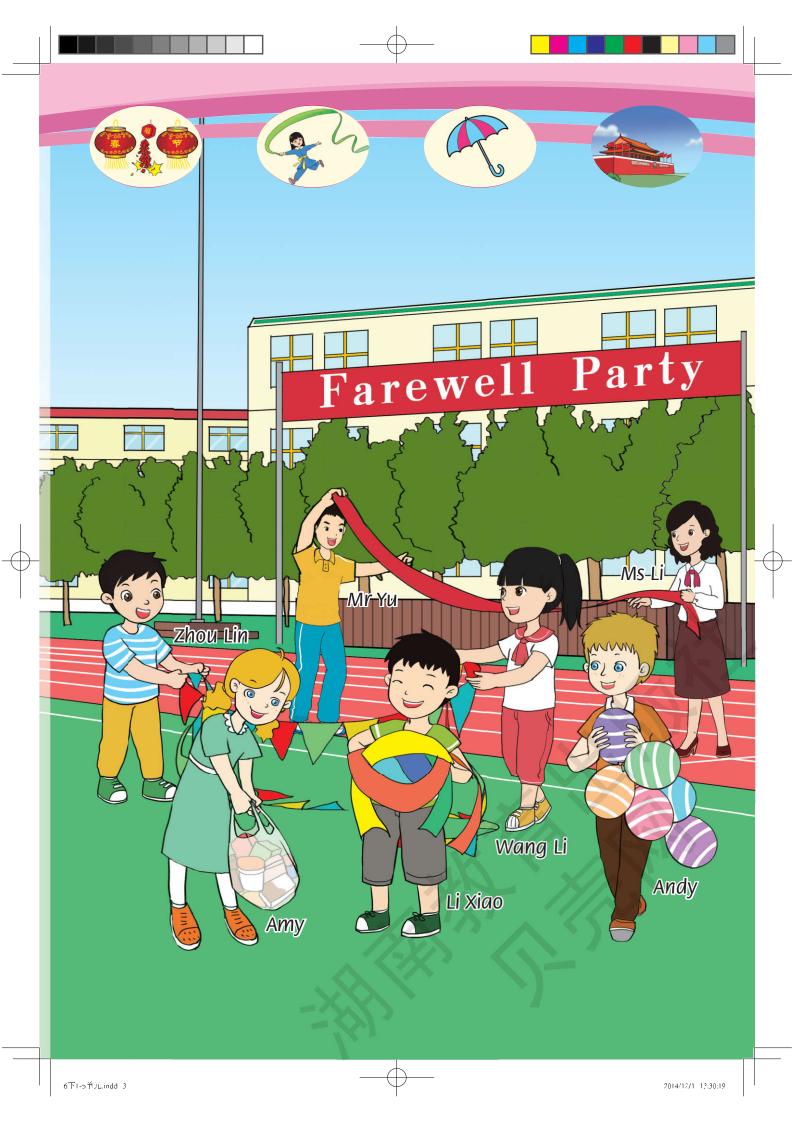
你们的好朋友: 小学英语教科书编委会



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6下1-5节/Lindd 2





# There are four seasons in a year.

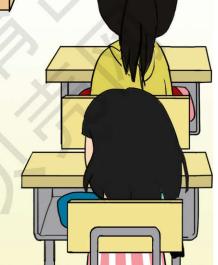
There are four seasons in a year. It's March now. What season is it?



I don't like spring weather.

It's spring. Its weather is warm and rainy.





#### Section A

# 🕦 Look, listen and act 🎧

The students and Mr Liu are talking about the four seasons.

Mr Liu: There are four seasons in a year. It's March now. What season is it?

Li Wei: It's spring. Its weather is warm and rainy.

Andy: I don't like spring weather.

Li Wei: Do you like summer?

**Andy:** No. Its weather in the north is hot and dry.

Wang Li: What about the weather in the south?

Amy: It is not and wet. It's good for growing rice.

Li Xiao: After summer comes autumn. That's my favourite season.

Andy: Autumn is my favourite season, too.

Li Xiao: Its weather is cool and dry. The leaves on the trees are red and yellow.

Andy: After autumn comes winter. I like snowy winter.

Mr Liu: It's wonderful to have four seasons.

All: Yes.

#### 😢 Listen and say 🎧



Pupil A: After spring comes summer. Pupil B: Its weather is hot and dry.



spring



summer



autumn



winter



wet



dry

three

# **3** Listen, tick and match

	Li Xiao	Li Wei
What can you do?	<ul><li>( ) go swimming</li><li>( ) go fishing</li><li>( ) play football</li></ul>	<ul><li>( ) play in the snow</li><li>( ) play football</li><li>( ) go to the beach</li></ul>
What's the weather like?	( ) hot ( ) cold ( ) sunny	<ul><li>( ) windy</li><li>( ) rainy</li><li>( ) cloudy</li></ul>

spring	summer	autumn	winter
--------	--------	--------	--------

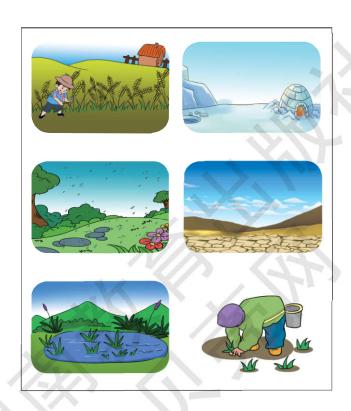
#### Look and talk

Work in pairs. Look at the pictures. Talk about the weather in the pictures.

- What season is it?
- How do you know?

#### 

- sunnycloudy
- windy
  - rainy
- hot
- cold
- warm
- cool
- dry
- wet



four

#### Section B

# **6** Listen, read and write

#### Seasons Around the World

*************************************	It's winter.	It's wet and cold.	People stay at home to have hot pot.
★★★★★★★ New Zealand	It's summer.	It's fine and warm.	Farmers are working in the fields.
* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	It's summer.	It's hot and dry.	People go to the beach to swim in the sea.
长宽比 19:10 US	It's winter.	It's cold and snowy.	Cars cannot move in the snow.

	December	December	July
	in Australia	in the US	in China
What season is it?			, 1
What's the weather like?			
What are people doing?			

#### **6** Pair work

Today is August 8th. You are in China, and your friend is in Australia. Telephone your friend and ask about the weather there.



five <5

#### **7** Talk, write and tell

a. Work in groups. Choose a month. Talk about the month and complete the form.

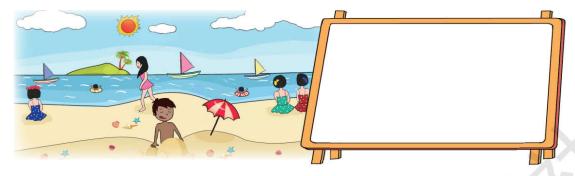
Month and season	
What is the weather like?	
What do kids usually do?	

- eat watermelon
- plant trees
- fly a kite

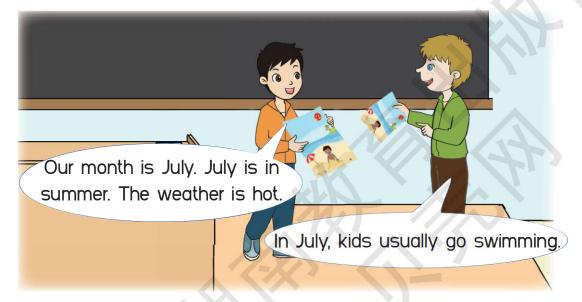
swim

- eat moon cakes
- have a picnic

- wear a coat
- make a snowman
- wear a scarf
- b. Make a poster about your month. Draw pictures.



c. Tell the class about the poster.



# **13** Listen and chant

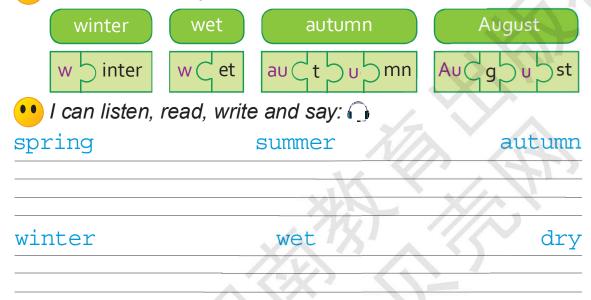
spr-

It's spring time!
Spring, spring!
Wonderful spring!
Let's spray the garden.
Spray, spray, spray the garden.
The flowers are sprouting.
Sprout, sprout, sprouting!



#### \mathbf Things I can do 🙂 😃 🧐

- I can say:
   What season is it? It's spring.
   Its weather is warm and rainy.
   What about the weather in the south?
- ••• I can read and spell:



seven



#### Section A

# 🕦 Look, listen and act 🎧

Mother's Day is in May. Wang Li and Zhang Jia are in a big shopping centre. They are shopping for their mothers.

**Zhang Jia:** I want to buy a CD or DVD for my mum.

Wang Li: Cool. Does your mum like music?

Zhang Jia: Yes, she does. Hey, look at the singer on this CD.

Wang Li: Is she your mum's favourite singer?

Zhang Jia: Yes, she is. She is my mum's favourite actress, too. Wang Li: Look at this DVD. Here is that famous actress again.

**Zhang Jia:** I'll buy the CD and the DVD. What about you?

Wang Li: There's a cinema over there. Mum and I will go to see that film on Mother's Dav.

**Zhang Jia:** What a good idea! Is he your mum's favourite actor?

Wang Li: Yes, he is.

# 🔼 Listen and say 🎧



Pupil A: Is she your mum's favourite singer?

Pupil B: Yes, she is./No, she isn't.



Mother's Day



singer



actress



film



good idea



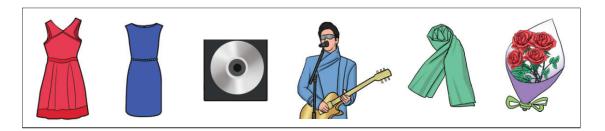
actor

nine

# **3** Listen, write and match

Zhang Jia and Amy are talking about their mums. Listen and fill in the form. Choose good gifts for their mums.

	zhang Jia's mum	Amy's mum
Favourite colour		
Likes		



#### **4** Look and talk

Work in pairs. Help your partner to pick a gift for his/her mum.

- Is this your mum's favourite colour/fruit/flower?
- Is he/she your mum's favourite actor/actress/singer?



10 ten

#### **Section B**

# **6** Listen, read and write **6**

#### The World's Greatest Mums!

**Andy:** My mum is a teacher. She is very kind and clever. She likes music and she is a good singer. Her favourite colour is blue and her favourite fruit are apples. She is the world's greatest mum!





**Amy:** My mum is very pretty. She likes dresses and hats. Her favourite colour is red. She is a doctor and works in a hospital. She helps people when they are ill. My mum's favourite fruit are bananas. I love my mum!

Wang Li: I have the best mum in the world. She helps me with my homework and she is a good friend. She loves oranges and her favourite colour is yellow. She works in a factory. She works very hard. She is always kind to me. I want to be like my mum!



	Andy's mum	Amy's mum	Wang Li's mum
Favourite fruit			//\
Favourite colour			11/1/
She works in			17 1/11.

#### **6** Pair work

Take turns to ask each other questions about the mums.

Andy's mum likes apples.

Yes, it is.





Is that her favourite fruit?

eleven <

11

#### **7** Talk, write and tell

Work in groups. You will go to the shopping centre with your friends to buy gifts for Mother's Day.

- a. Take turns to ask: What does your mum like?
- b. Make a shopping list. What will you buy for your mum?

# Shopping list First choice Second choice No.1 Xiaojun a handbag a music CD No.2 No.3 No.4 No.5

c. Tell the class: What will you buy? Why?

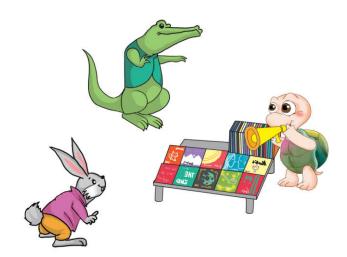


12 twelve

# **8** Listen and chant

-st

Sale! Big sale!
Come and buy!
They are new!
They are the latest!
The latest DVDs!
They are the best!
They are the greatest!

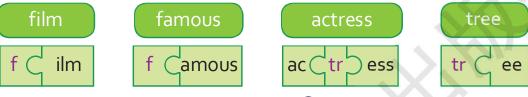


They are the best, latest, greatest DVDs!

# **①** Things I can do 🙂 🙂 🧯

I can say:
 Is she your mum's favourite singer?
 She is my mum's favourite actress.
 Mum and I will go to see that film on Mother's Day.

😶 I can read and spell:



😶 I can listen, read, write and say: 🎧

Mother's Day	singer	actress
	XIA.	
film	good idea	actor

thirteen -

# Unit 3 Who was she?



#### Section A

# 🕦 Look, listen and act 🎧

Zhou Lin and his friends are talking about the people in their history book.

Zhou Lin: We must study Lessons 10 and 11.

Andy: Lesson 10 is about Marie Curie.

Zhou Lin: Who was she?

Andy: She lived in France. She was a great scientist.

Wang Li: And she was a wise woman. Many people learned from her.

**Zhou Lin:** What about Lesson 11?

Li Xiao: It's about Norman Bethune.

Andy: Tell me about him.

Wang Li: He was a doctor from Canada. He helped people in China.

He saved many people's lives. He was a hero.

#### \mathbf Listen and say 🎧



Pupil A: Who was he? Tell me about him.

Pupil B: He was a scientist.



a man



a woman



a hero



a brave person



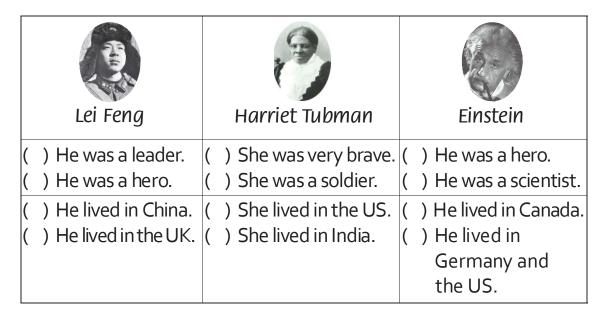
a scientist



a wise person

fifteen

# 🕙 Listen, tick and match 🎧





She helped her people and her country.



He always helped people.

E=mc<sup>2</sup>

He loved maths and science.

# **Write and talk**

Work in pairs. Write what you know about the people in the pictures. Take turns to tell each other about them.



Draw your hero.

16 sixteen

#### Section B

# 🔁 Listen, read and tick 🕡

#### **Confucius**



Kongzi (Confucius) was a wise man and a great teacher. He lived in Shandong. Shandong is in the east of China.

Many people listened to him. He talked to kids and their parents. He helped farmers, students, and leaders.





People learned many things from Kongzi.
They learned to love their parents and their family. They also learned to love their country and their culture.

a. Who was Kongzi?	(	) a hero (	) a wise man
b. Where did he live?	(	) Shandong (	) Hubei
c. What did he do?	(	) helped people (	) saved people's lives

#### **6** Pair work

Look at the pictures. Take turns to ask each other questions.



seventeen

17

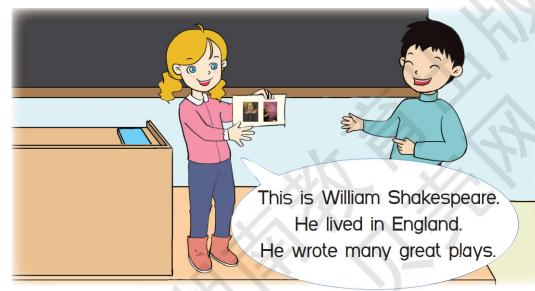
#### **7** Read, write and tell

Work in groups.

- a. Look up a famous man or woman in a history book or on the Internet.
  - Who was he/she?
  - Where did he/she live?
  - What did he/she do?
  - What can we learn from him/her?
- b. Use pictures. Make a poster about the famous person. Write what you know about him/her.



c. Show the poster to the class. Tell them about the person.



18 eighteen

# **8** Listen and chant

Great teachers teach, They teach, teach, teach! Great teachers talk, But not too much! Great teachers listen, And great teachers learn! Wise, kind, clever and smart, Great teachers teach, teach, teach! They teach from the heart!

-ch









- 👀 I can say: Who was he/she? She was a great scientist. He saved many people's lives.
- I can read and spell:

brave

bread

person

people

ave



erson



😶 I can listen, read, write and say: 🎧

man woman

hero

brave person

scientist

wise person

nineteen

# Unit 4 We went on a science field trip.



#### Section A

# 🕦 Look, listen and act 🎧

The children went on a science field trip last week. They are talking about the field trip in their class today.

Mr Liu: Class, we went on a science field trip last week. Did you enjoy it?

Andy: Yes, we did. It was very interesting.

Mr Liu: Good. What did you learn?

Li Wei: We learned many things on the science field trip.

Andy: We learned that a baby butterfly can make silk.

Wang Li: We learned that bees can make honey.

Zhang Jia: We saw the bees drink the sweet juice from flowers.

Li Wei: We learned that ants are good.

Andy: We learned that ants always work together.

Li Wei: Bees always work together, too.

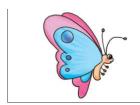
Mr Liu: Excellent! You learned many things.

#### **②** Listen and say 🎧



Pupil A: What did you learn?

Pupil B: We learned that bees can make honey.



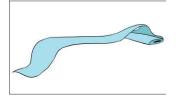
butterfly



bee



ant



silk



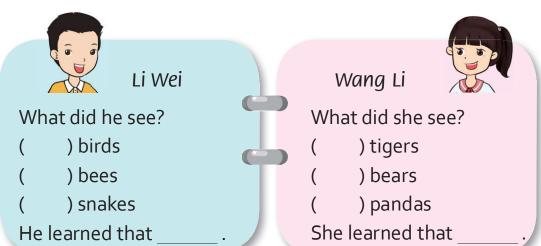
moth



honey

twenty-one

# **3** Listen, tick and match



- a. some birds fly to the south in winter
- b. bees can tell each other about food
- c. pandas eat 10-15 kg of bamboo a day
- d. snakes sleep in a hole in winter

#### **4** Look, talk and write

Work in pairs. Look at the pictures. Tell your partner what you learned.







Draw and talk about something new.

twenty-two

6下1-5半元.indd 22

#### **Section B**

#### 🔁 Listen, read and write 🕡

Read about the silkworm and put the pictures in the right order.



#### **6** Pair work

What can you see in the pictures? Make a sentence about each picture and tell your friend.



twenty-three

#### **7** Talk, write and tell

Work in groups.

a. Choose one of the places. Imagine that you went there last week.







museum

**ZOO** 

library

b. Write what you saw, what you did, and what you learned there.

What did you see?	What did you do?	What did you learn?

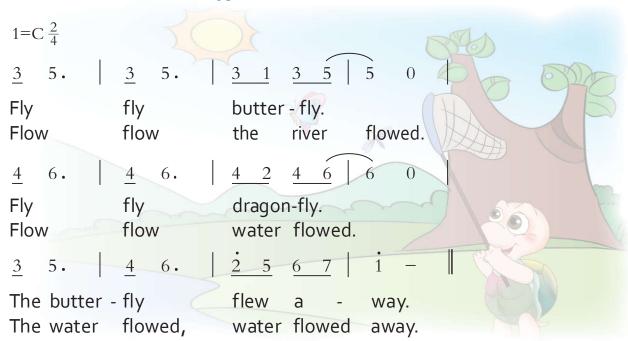
c. Tell the class about the form.



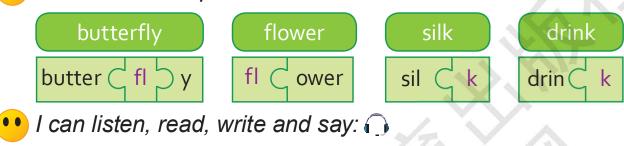
24 twenty-four

# **8** Listen and sing

fl-



- **9** Things I can do 🙂 🙂 😃
  - Ve went on a science field trip last week.
    What did you learn?
    - We learned that ants are good.
  - I can read and spell:



butterfly bee ant



# We are going to learn about Chinese festivals.



#### Section A

# **1** Look, listen and act

Mr Liu is teaching about Chinese festivals. Andy is very interested in the topic.

Mr Liu: Today we are going to learn about Chinese festivals. Let's start

with the Spring Festival. It is the Chinese New Year.

Andy: When did the Spring Festival start?

Wang Li: It started very long ago.

Li Xiao: People ate *jiaozi* to bring good luck.

**Zhou Lin:** The Dragon Boat Festival is on the fifth day of the fifth month.

Andy: Oh, on May fifth?

Zhou Lin: No, the fifth day of the lunar year.

Andy: I see. How did it start?

Wang Li: There is a story about Qu Yuan. People had a boat race to save his body.

Andy: How about the Mid-autumn Festival?

Li Xiao: The Mid-autumn Festival started long ago, too.

Wang Li: People made moon cakes to celebrate the autumn.

Andy: How interesting!

# Listen and say

Pupil A: When did the Spring Festival start?

Pupil B: It started very long ago.



Spring Festival



jiaozi



Dragon Boat Festival



zongzi



Mid-autumn Festival



moon cakes twenty-seven

# **3** Listen and tick

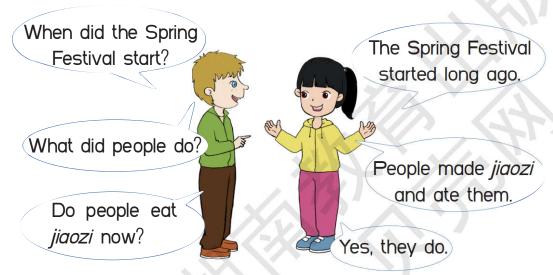
Carnival (Brazil)	Day of the Dead (Mexico)	Halloween (US)
When is it?	When is it?	When is it?
( ) spring ( ) autumn	( ) November ( ) September	( ) December ( ) October
What do people do?	What do people do?	What do people do?
<ul><li>( ) visit family</li><li>( ) sing and dance</li><li>( ) give gifts</li></ul>	<ul><li>( ) make dolls</li><li>( ) eat chicken</li><li>( ) sing songs</li></ul>	( ) dress up ( ) ask for candy ( ) play music
It is like	It is like	It is like
( ) Christmas ( ) Chinese New Year	( ) May Day ( ) <i>Qingming</i> Festival	( ) Carnival ( ) Day of the Dead

#### **4** Look and talk

Work in pairs. Talk to your partner about a Chinese festival. Take turns to ask each other questions.

- When did it start?
- What did people do?
- What did people eat?





28 twenty-eight

#### Section B

# 🔁 Listen, read and write 🕡

#### The Story of the Dragon Boat Festival

Chinese people celebrate the Dragon Boat Festival every year. On that day, we usually have a dragon boat race and make zongzi. Zongzi is a rice dumpling. It looks like a triangle.

This festival is an important festival for remembering Qu Yuan, a hero in Chinese history. Qu Yuan was angry with the bad king. He jumped into the river and died.

There was a big fish in the river. The big fish wanted to eat his body. People rowed their boats to save his body. People made *zongzi* to feed the fish.

Today we have a boat race to remember Qu Yuan.

Put the pictures in the right order.







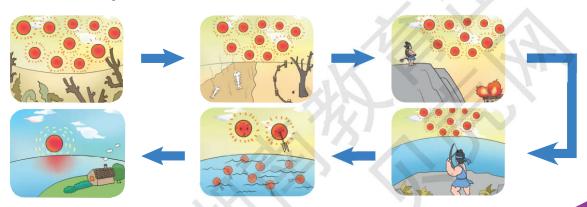






**1** Pair work

Tell the story of Hou Yi.



twenty-nine

ر29

#### **7** Read, write and tell

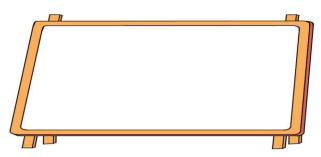
Work in groups.

- a. Use the Internet or the library. Read more about festivals in other countries. Choose one and compare it with a Chinese festival.
- b. Write what you know about the festival.

Festival:	Country:
When is it?	
What do people do?	
What do people eat?	
How do people dress?	

c. Make a poster about the festival.





d. Tell the class about the poster.

How is it like the Chinese festival?	
How is it not like the Chinese festival?	17/17



0 thirty

# **8** Listen and chant

-ow/-oa-

Row your boat,

Dragon boat,

Row it up and row it down.

Row your boat,

Dragon boat,

Row it straight and row it round.



# **9** Things I can do 😃







I can say:

When did the Spring Festival start? It started very long ago.

People made moon cakes to celebrate the autumn.

I can read and spell:

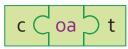
boat

coat

spring

bring

b Coa



ing

ing

😶 I can listen, read, write and say: 🎧

Spring Festival

Dragon Boat Festival

Mid-autumn Festival

jiaozi

zongzi

moon cakes

thirty-one



#### Activity 1 Listen and write



a. I will buy a \_\_\_\_\_ by the famous singer.



b. I enjoy playing in the snow in \_\_\_\_\_

c. I like the \_\_\_\_\_. I like to eat zongzi.



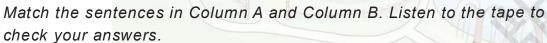
d. I learned that bees give us \_\_\_\_\_

e. My favourite season is \_\_\_\_\_

I like \_\_\_\_\_ and dry weather.



#### Activity 2 Read, match and listen



#### Column A

- a. Mother's Day is in May.
- b. The scientist talks about the four seasons.
- c. The farmers are growing rice.
- d. Amy's uncle has a sheep farm in Australia.
- e. Norman Bethune was a hero.
- f. Andy likes Chinese festivals.
- g. Zhou Lin is doing a science project.
- h. Wang Li will go to a movie.

#### Column B

- i. The summer is hot and wet in the south.
- j. She will see it in a big, new cinema.
- k. He learns how people make silk.
- I. He says that bears sleep in winter.
- m. There are many new lambs in spring.
- n. Li Xiao will give his mum a beautiful silk dress.
- o. His favourite festival is the Mid-autumn Festival.
- p. He saved many people's lives.

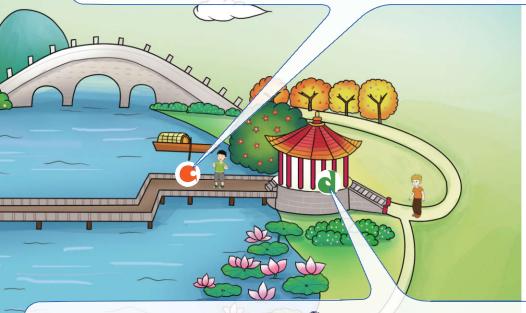
thirty-two

#### Activity 3 Talk to your classmates

Tell your classmates about your favourite season and favourite weather. Use the words or phrases in the box.

weather	spring	sunshine	rain	thund	er and lightning
winter	stormy	autumn	hot	thund	erstorm
cloudy	snowy	summer	warm	cool	cold

**Example**: Winter is my favourite season. Ilike snowy and cold weather!



#### Activity 4 Read, listen and write

Listen to Zhou Lin's Science Report. Choose a word to fill in each blank. Then, look at the pictures at the end and finish the report.

Last week, our class	(go, went, is going) on a science field trip.
Our science	(teacher, artist, actor) took us to the park. We studied
about small animals.	We saw how (red, yellow, green) leaves can
make food for a plant	. We learned that an apple tree sleeps
(at night, in winter, in	the sun). We also learned that











thirty-three

### Activity 5 Spell and listen 🕠

Use the sounds you learned. Spell the new words, then listen to the tape and check them up. Use a dictionary to find the meanings of the new words.

spray	flow
<mark>spr</mark> ing	fly
train	boat
sprain	float



#### Activity 6 Read and cross

Which word doesn't belong to the group?

bee honey butterfly bird brave clever short wise singer actor scientist hero big wet dry hot flowers autumn summer spring

man woman girl actress

34 thirty-four

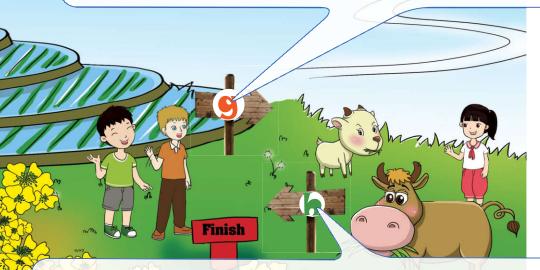
#### Activity 7 Read and tell

Tell your parents about a famous person. Use the words in the box.

clever wise woman fast astronaut doctor hero singer cool scientist brave man strong star

**Example:** Harriet Tubman was a woman. She was brave and clever. She was a hero.





#### Activity 8 Practise the phrases or sentences

What season is it? It's spring.
Its weather is warm and rainy.
Is she your mum's favourite singer?
She is my mum's favourite actress.
Who was he/she?

She was a great scientist.

What did you learn?

We learned that ants are good.

When did the Spring Festival start?

It started very long ago.

Well done! Tick the box.	Activity 1	Activity 2	Activity 3	Activity 4	Activity 5	Activity 6	Activity 7	Activity 8
Good							> <	
Very good				3			<b>X//</b> ^	
• • Excellent				X(0)	'75"		3	

thirty-five

#### Fun Reading

### The Butterfly and the Ant



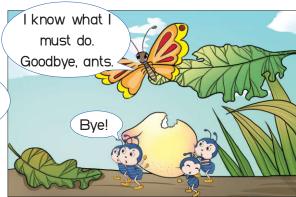
It's spring. On a farm, all the animals enjoy the spring weather.



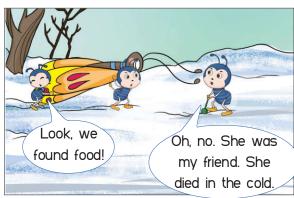
Summer comes. The weather is hot and fine. The butterfly is very happy. It flies here and there.



Autumn comes. The butterfly sees an ant. The ant is working hard.



The butterfly knows the cold winter is coming. It lays some eggs under a leaf.



Winter comes. It's very cold. There is snow everywhere.



Spring comes again. Who are these worms? What will they be in summer?

36 thirty-six

#### Culture Tips

#### The World's Greatest



Dear John,

Do you know about the greatest things in the world? I will ask you some questions.

Hi, Li Xiao!

OK. You can test my world knowledge.

Li Xiao: What is the highest mountain in the world?

John: It's Mount Qomolangma. It's in the Himalayas.

It's in China and Nepal. It's a beautiful, sharp

mountain covered by ice and snow all year round.

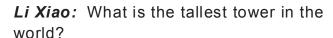






Li Xiao: What is the longest river in the world?

John: It's River Nile. It's in Africa. It starts from Lake Victoria in Central Africa, and flows to the sea near Cairo in Egypt.



John: It's the CN Tower in Canada, but it's not the tallest building in the world. The top of the tower is just the TV Tower. There are no offices or shops at the top. The tallest building in the world is the Burj Khalifa in Dubai, United Arab Emirates.





Li Xiao: What is the biggest ship in the world?

John: It's the MS Allure of the Seas. It's made in Finland but it belongs to Norway and the US. It sailed for the first time on October 29th, 2010, from Finland to Florida in the US.



thirty-seven

3/







I danced on Children's Day last year.



38 thirty-eight

### Section A

# **1** Look, listen and act

Children's Day is on June 1st. The children will give a performance.

They are talking about what they did last year.

Wang Li: I danced on Children's Day last year.

Amy: Yes, we danced the ribbon dance. We also danced the fan dance.

Wang Li: It was fun!

Andy: I played the piano.

Zhou Lin: And I played the big Chinese drum.

Li Xiao: I played the violin.

Andy: We all acted in a play about the Three Little Pigs.

Zhou Lin: That was funny! Haha!

Wang Li: I sang a song, too.

Amy: You sang a lovely song. Please sing it again this year.

Wang Li: OK, I will.

# 2 Listen and say

Pupil A: I played the piano last year!

Pupil B: I danced the flower-drum dance!



piano



drum



violin



ribbon dance



flower-drum dance



fan dance

thirty-nine

# **3** Listen and write

What did they do last year? What will they do this year?

Student	Last year	This year
Zhou Lin		
Zhang Jia		
Li Xiao		

- a. play the piano b. dance
- e. play the big Chinese drum
- g. dance the fan dance
- c. sing a song d. act in a play
- f. act in an English play
- h. play the violin

### Write and talk

Work in pairs. What did you do last year? What will you do this year? Talk to your partner.

Festival	Last year	This year
Children's Day		, 7
Teachers' Day		. (1)
New Year's Day		

I sang a song last year.

I will sing another

song this year.

I acted in a play last year. I will dance the fan dance this year.



40 forty

### **Section B**

# **5** Listen, read and write

#### A Children's Day Performance

Ladies and gentlemen! Welcome to our Children's Day performance.

First, Li Xiao and Andy will play the Chinese drums to welcome you. Then they will perform a short play.





Next, Amy and Wang Li will dance the fan dance and the flower-drum dance. Amy will read a story and Wang Li will sing a song.

Then, Andy will play the piano and Zhou Lin will play the violin. Finally, all the kids will sing a song.

Students	What will they do?
Amy and Wang Li	They will dance the fan dance.
Li Xiao and Andy	
Wang Li	44
Andy	
Zhou Lin	
Amy	

### **6** Pair work

Take turns to tell each other what the kids did on Children's Day.

Amy and Wang Li danced the fan dance and the flower-drum dance.





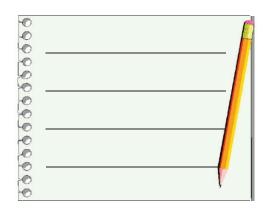
forty-one

41

### **7** Talk, write and tell

Work in groups.

a. Plan your class performance.







b. Write a timetable. What will you do?

	Who?	What?
First	Xiaofei	sing a song
Second		
Third		
Finally		- 7/

c. Tell the class about your performance.



forty-two

### **8** Listen and chant

### bl-

Blow your trumpet, Billy, Blow your trumpet! Billy, blow, oh, Blow your trumpet! Blow your trumpet, Billy, Blow it out loud!



### 😲 Things I can do 😃







- I can say: I danced on Children's Day last year. You sang a lovely song last year. I will sing another song this year.
- I can read and spell:

dance

last

fan

piano

😶 I can listen, read, write and say: 🎧

piano

drum

violin

ribbon dance

flower-drum dance

fan dance

forty-three



### Section A

### **1** Look, listen and act

There is a big storm this morning and Andy cannot go to the park.

Andy: It's 8:30. I must go to the park now. We're going to play football.

Mum: No! The rain is too heavy.

Andy: I will use an umbrella.

Mum: No! The wind is too strong.

Andy: I will put on my raincoat.

Mum: Look! Can you see the lightning? Can you hear the thunder?

Andy: Yes, I can.

Mum: This is a big storm. You can't play football. It's dangerous.

Andy: Mum, look at the black clouds in the sky.

Mum: Let's wait until the storm passes.

Andy: Yes, Mum.

### 2 Listen and say 🕡

Pupil A: The rain is heavy. Can you see the lightning?

Pupil B: Yes, I can./No, I can't.



thunder and lightning



storm



thunderstorm



rain clouds



dangerous



raincoat

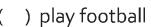
forty-five



# **3** Listen and tick

Listen to the radio program. Tick what's dangerous to do in a thunderstorm.







) drive a car (



) stand near a tree



) swim





) use a computer ( ) use an umbrella

### Look and talk

Work in pairs. Look at the words list. Talk to your partner.

- What's the weather like?
- What will you use/wear?



### 

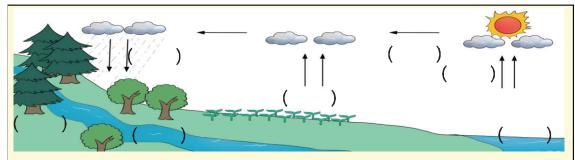
- sunny cloudy warm hot windy snowy rainy cold foggy stormy cool
- sweater fan scarf skirt raincoat cap dress T-shirt umbrella hat boots coat

forty-six

### **Section B**

### **6** Listen, read and write

Read about the water cycle and complete the chart with the words and sentences in the box.



Rain falls down. Rainwater flows into the soil. It flows into rivers. It flows into lakes.

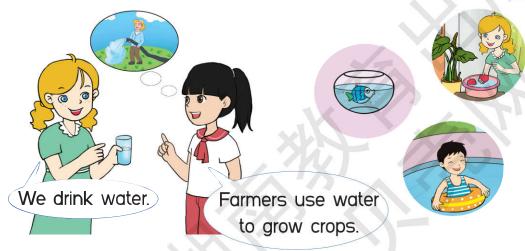
Green plants need water to grow. Farmers grow crops. These crops give us food. Fruit trees need water to grow. They give us fruit. The sun takes water from the sea, rivers and lakes. It also takes water from trees, plants and soil.

Water makes clouds. Clouds make rain. Rain falls down again.

- a. lake b. river c. trees d. crops e. Rain falls.
- f. The sun takes water from the lake. g. Water makes clouds.

### **6** Pair work

Think of the ways to use water. Take turns to tell each other.



forty-seven

### **Read, write and tell**

Work in groups.

a. Make a compost bottle for your classroom.

Step 1	Get a big bottle and paint it black.	
Step 2	Make a door and small holes in the bottle.	
Step 3	Put paper and leaves in the bottle. Put vegetables on the paper and leaves. Pour some water in it.	
Step 4	Close the door.	
Step 5	Put the bottle in a window. Put more water in the bottle and roll the bottle.	
Step 6	After about 30 days, the soil is ready.	

b. Make a list of things you can put in the compost bottle.





- c. Use the library or the Internet and learn more about recycling.

  Make a poster of three things you can recycle in your school.

  Use a dictionary to look up the new words.
- d. Tell the class about the poster.



forty-eight

### **8** Listen and chant

br-

Sam likes brown bread. Sally likes white bread. Sam sweeps the room. He has a broom. Sally goes shopping To buy a new umbrella.



### **9** Things I can do







- The rain is too heavy.
  The wind is too strong.
  Can you see the lightning?
- 😶 I can read and spell:

lightning

light

clouds

house

I Cigh tning



cl C ou C ds



🕛 I can listen, read, write and say: 🎧

thunder and lightning

storm

thunderstorm

rain clouds

dangerous

raincoat

forty-nine

# Unit 8 We will be in a junior middle school.



### Section A

# **1** Look, listen and act

The end of Grade 6 will be here soon. The students are excited and a little afraid.

Wang Li: We will finish Grade 6 soon.

Amy: When is the final exam?

Andy: We will have the exams in June.

Wang Li: We must study hard for the exams.

Li Xiao: I'm a little afraid. Maybe I will fail.

Amy: Don't worry. We are all good students. We will do our best and

pass the exams.

Zhou Lin: When will we know our results?

Li Xiao: We will get our results around June 20th. Wang Li: We will go to a new school in September.

Andy: We will be in a junior middle school.

Zhou Lin: I'm very excited.

# Listen and say

Pupil A: We will have the final exams in June.

Pupil B: We will get our results around June 20th.



exam



fail



pass



results



excited



study hard

fifty-one <

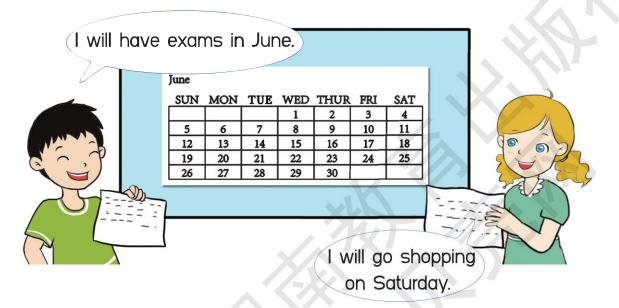
# **3** Listen and write

Zhou Lin Month Day	Wang Li Month Day
Maths exam	Grade 6 exams
Results	Results
First day of school	Last day of school

### Write and talk

Work in pairs. Fill in the timetable. Take turns to tell each other what you will do.

	You	Your partner
On Saturday		
In June		
In September		
Next year		>



52 fifty-two

### **Section B**

# **5** Listen, read and write •

Andy: Today, I am studying for my Maths exam. It's on Thursday. I like to study in a group. My friends and I can help each other. On Tuesday, I will have my Chinese exam. I will get the results on Friday.





**Zhang Jia:** I am learning English. I will have an exam on Tuesday. I write words on small cards. I use the cards to learn new words. I also draw a picture for each new word. I also have a Science exam on Friday.

You: I am learning	1	
I have an exam on	I will get the results on	•

	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Andy			Maths exam	
Zhang Jia				7/

### **6** Pair work

Make a study timetable. Write the subjects and the lessons you will study. Talk to your partner about your timetable.

My Study Timetable		
Time	What will I study?	

Pupil A: What will you study tomorrow?

Pupil B: I will study English Lessons 1 and 2.

fifty-three

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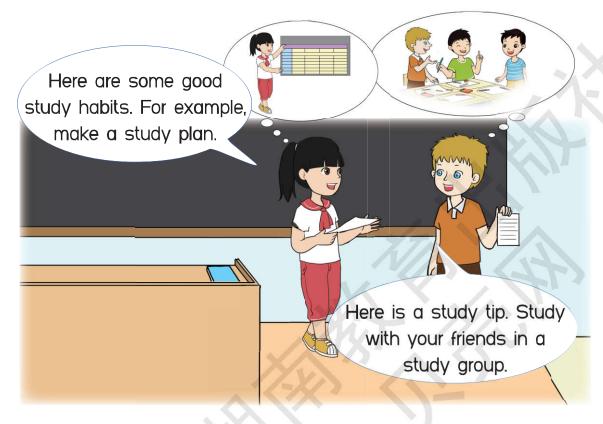
### **Read, write and tell**

Work in groups.

- a. What are the great ways to study? Talk to your group about good study habits and good study tips. Use the library or the Internet to learn more.
- b. Write what you have learned.



c. Tell the class about the study habits and tips.



4 fifty-four

# $oldsymbol{eta}$ Listen and sing $oldsymbol{oldsymbol{eta}}$

$$1 = G^{\frac{2}{4}}$$

# ᠑ Things I can do 😃 😃







# 🕛 l can say:

We will finish Grade 6 soon.

When is the final exam?

I'm afraid/excited.

### 😶 I can read and spell:

results

students

fail

final

studen C ts

fai

fina (

### 😶 I can listen, read, write and say: 🎧

fail exam pass

study hard results excited



### Section A

# **1** Look, listen and act

Andy and his parents have lived in China for six years. They will go home to England next month.

Dad: China is a great country.

Mum: I will never forget China.

Andy: Look at this painting. I will never forget the Great Wall.

Mum: Look at this picture! It's the Pearl Tower in Shanghai.

Dad: I like this soldier on the horse. It's one of the Terra-cotta Warriors

in Xi'an.

Mum: I will always love the beautiful Hunan silk.

Andy: I will never forget Hunan. Who can forget the Xiangjiang River?

Mum: And the beautiful Zhangjiajie.

Dad: Who can forget such a beautiful place?

Andy: Look at this photo of us. We will never forget China!

# **2** Listen and say

Pupil A: I will never forget Shaoshan.

Pupil B: Who can forget the hometown of Chairman Mao?



Tian'anmen Square



The Great Wall



Hunan silk



The Pearl Tower



Zhangjiajie

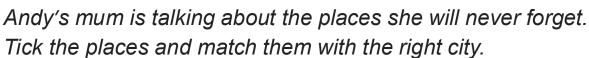


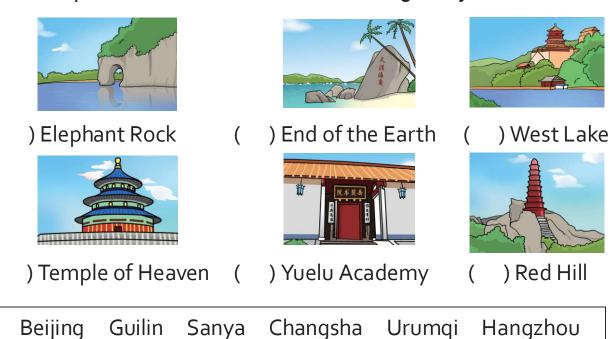
Terra-cotta Warriors

fifty-seven

57

# 🔞 Listen, tick and match ᡝ





# Draw and talk

Work in pairs. Draw two beautiful places or things you will never forget. Tell your partner about them.



### **Section B**

# **1** Listen, read and write

#### Hunan



Hunan is a province in the south of China. Hubei province is north of Hunan. Jiangxi is east of Hunan. Guangdong and Guangxi are south of Hunan. Guizhou and Chongqing are west of Hunan. The capital of Hunan is Changsha. It is a big city on the Xiangjiang River.

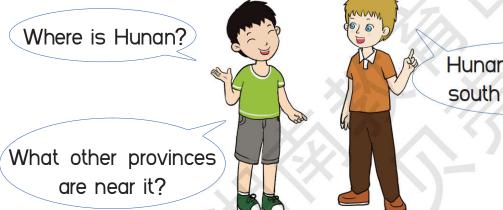
There are many ethnic groups in Hunan. The different ethnic groups have many colourful festivals and delicious foods. They can also make beautiful arts and handicrafts.

- a. Which province is east/west/south/north of Hunan?
- b. Write the names of the capitals of the provinces in the text.

  Jiangxi \_\_\_\_\_ Guangdong \_\_\_\_ Hubei \_\_\_\_
- c. How many ethnic groups are there in China?

### **6** Pair work

Take turns to ask each other questions about Hunan.



Hunan is in the south of China.

### **Read, write and tell**

Work in groups.

- a. Choose a Chinese province you are interested in. Use the library and the Internet to learn more.
- b. Write what you know about the province.

Province	Shandong	
Where is it?	In the east of China.	
What is the capital?		
What other provinces are near it?		
How many people live in the province?		
Which ethnic groups live in the province?		
What are the famous lakes, rivers, or mountains?	Mount Tai	
What are the famous foods, fruits, or arts and handicrafts?		

c. Make a poster about the province. Use drawings and pictures to make the poster beautiful.



d. Tell the class about the poster.



60 sixty

# **8** Listen and chant

sn-

Who can forget a big black snake As it swims across the lake?

Who can forget eating a snail And keeping its shell in a pail?



Who can forget the beautiful snow So cold and white when the north wind blows?

😲 Things I can do 😃







- 🕛 l can say: I will never forget the Great Wall. I will always love the Hunan silk. Who can forget such a beautiful place?
- 🕛 I can read and spell:

iver

river

right

ight

like ike love ove

I can listen, read, write and say: 📦

Tian'anmen Square

The Great Wall

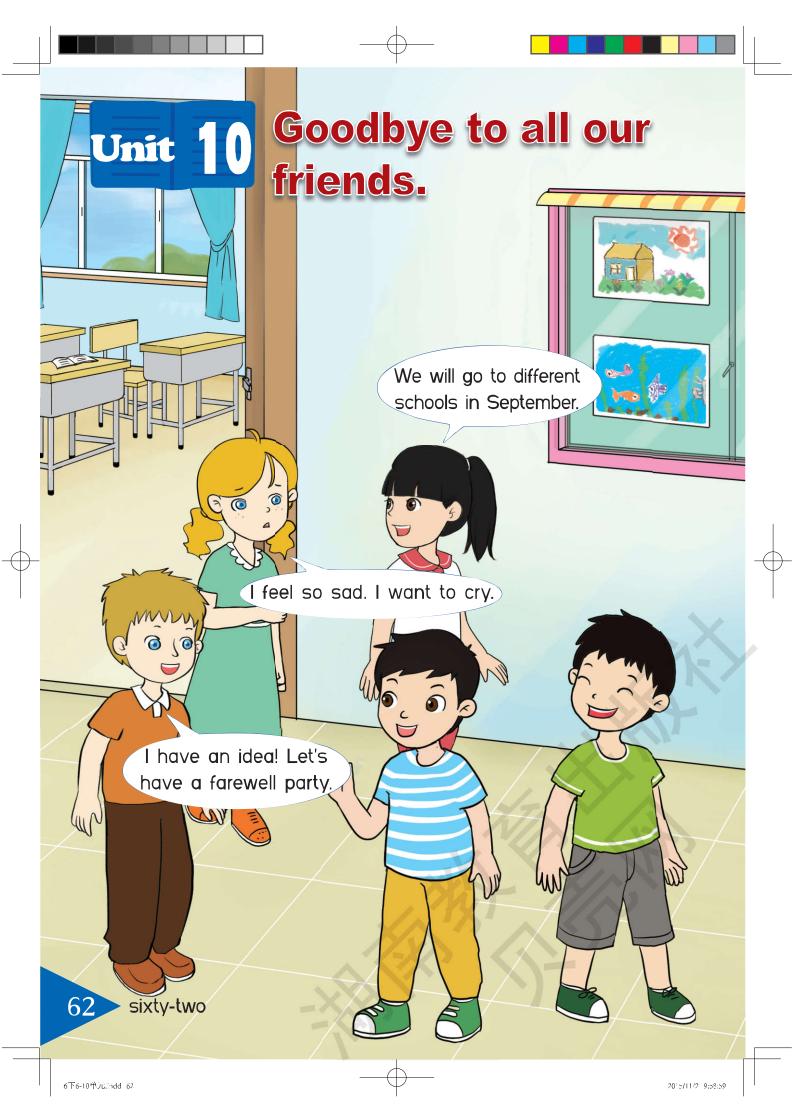
Hunan silk

The Pearl Tower

Zhangjiajie

Terra-cotta Warriors

sixty-one



### Section A

# **1** Look, listen and act

The friends in Grade 6 are going to say goodbye now. They will go to different schools in September.

Li Xiao: We all passed the final exam. I feel great!

Zhou Lin: I am so happy!

Li Xiao: Me, too!

Wang Li: We will go to different schools in September. How do you feel?

Amy: I feel so sad. I want to cry.

Wang Li: I'll miss you! I'll miss all my friends.

Andy: I have an idea! Let's have a farewell party.

**Zhou Lin:** A farewell party?

Andy: It's a party to say goodbye to all our friends.

Amy: That's a wonderful idea.

All: Yeah, let's do it!

### Listen and say

Pupil A: How do you feel?

Pupil B: I feel so sad. I want to cry.

Pupil C: I feel great!



happy



sad



feel great



smile



laugh



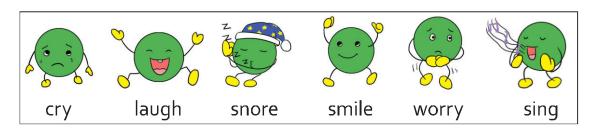
cry

sixty-three

63

### **3** Listen, tick and match





### Play and talk

Here are different ways to say goodbye in English. Go around your class and say goodbye to five good friends in different ways.

Farewell.
So long.
I'll miss you.
Keep in touch.
Take care.
See you.
Bye-bye.
Till we meet again.



64 sixty-four

### **Section B**

# **5** Listen, read and tick Farewell Party

Dear Ms Li,

Please come to our farewell party. You are our favourite teacher. You are very kind and clever. Thank you! We will miss you.

From all the students in Class 5, Grade 6



Dear Mr Liu,

Please come to our farewell party. You are a great Science teacher. We have learned many things about animals and plants. You make our lessons interesting and fun. We will miss your lessons. Thank you!

Zhou Lin, Wang Li, Amy, Andy, Li Xiao

Farewell Party

Place: Classroom, Class 5,

Grade 6

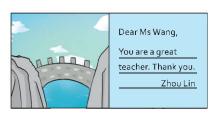
Date: Friday, July 15th

Time: 9:00 am See you there!

a.Ms Li reads the card. She is happy.	True (	)	False (	)
b.The kids say bye to Mr Liu. He is happy.	True (	)	False (	)
c.Everyone will laugh and smile on Friday.	True (	)	False (	)

### **6** Pair work

Make a card to say "Thank you" and "Goodbye" to your favourite teacher. Take turns to read the cards.





Dear Ms Wang, you are a great teacher. Thank you.



sixty-five

65

### **7** Talk, write and tell

Work in groups.

a. Make a plan for a farewell party. Use these questions.

When and where is the party?	
What will you eat and drink?	
What will you do?	

b. Make a poster about the party. Use pictures to make the poster beautiful.



#### Farewell Party

Place: Classroom, Class 5, Grade 6

Date: Friday, July 12th

Time: 10:30 am See you there!

c. Show the poster to the class and tell them about the party.



66 sixty-six

### **8** Listen and chant

sm-

Goodbye to all.
Farewell to my friends,
Great and small.
So long my friends,
Bright and smart.
I'll see you again,
In my heart.
Take care, my friends,
Keep a happy smile.
I will not forget you,
In a long, long while.



### 

- How do you feel?
  I feel so sad/great.
  - We will have a farewell party on Friday.
- •• I can read and spell:



sixty-seven





#### Activity 2 Read, match and listen

Match the sentences in Column A and Column B. Listen to the tape, and check your answers.

#### Column A

- a. The children gave a wonderful performance last year.
- b. Li Xiao played the Chinese drum.
- c. Wang Li danced the flower-drum dance.
- d. Amy also danced the fan dance.
- e. Andy and Zhou Lin sang a song together.
- f. Li Wei and Andy acted.

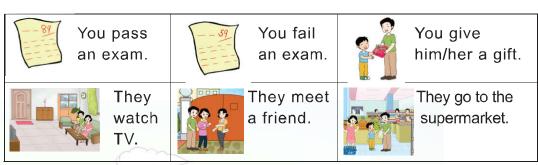
#### Column B

- g. She had a beautiful fan like a bird's tail.
- h. He played the big drum, and then a small drum.
- i. It was a happy song.
- j. It was on Children's Day.
- k. They acted a story about the Dragon Boat Race.
- I. She danced with Amy.

68 sixty-eight

#### Activity 3 Talk to your classmates

Ask your classmates how they feel when ...



#### **Example:**

Pupil A: How do you feel when I pass an exam?
Pupil B: I feel very happy when you pass an exam!



#### Activity 4 Read and write

Read the questions and check the answers. Complete the note to each student.

Exam	Amy's	Zhou Lin's	
Exam	Answer	Answer	
The Pearl Tower is in the north of China.	True	False	
You should never play football when there is a thunderstorm.	True	True	
You should always study hard for an exam.	True	True	
Changsha is on the Yellow River.	False	True	
$3/4 \div 2 = 1/2$	False	True	

Dear \_\_\_\_\_,

I'm \_\_\_\_\_ (happy/sad) to tell you that you have \_\_\_\_ (passed/failed) the exam. Did you do your homework and study hard? \_\_\_\_ (Yes/No), I \_\_\_\_ (think/don't think) so.

sixty-nine

### Activity 5 Spell and listen

Use the sounds you learned. Spell the new words, then listen to the tape and check them up. Use a dictionary to find the meanings of the new words.

brown	snake	small
bread	snow	smile
rain	black	well
brain	snack	smell



#### Activity 6 Read and cross

Which word doesn't belong to the group?

happy sad cry excited rain storm raincoat sunshine

study fail pass exam go have did do

thunder music lightning wind

70 seventy

#### Activity 7 Look and tell

Tell your parents about these places. Use the words in the box.

famous river old beautiful east north temple south tower city US Australia building China mountain square west big





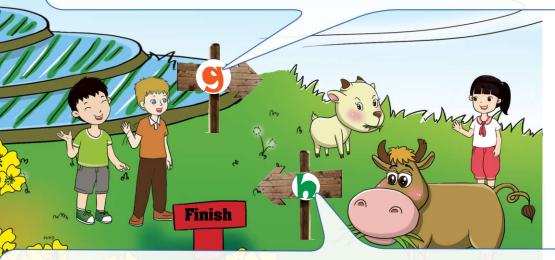








Example: The Temple of Heaven is famous. It is in the north of China.



#### Activity 8 Practise the phrases or sentences

I danced on Children's Day last year.

I will sing another song this year.

The rain is too heavy.

Can you see the lightning?

We will finish Grade 6 soon.

When is the final exam?

I will never forget the Great Wall.

I will always love the Hunan silk.

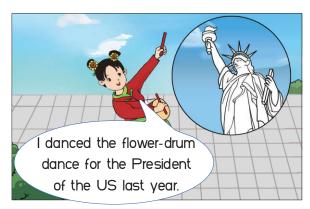
How do you feel?

I feel so sad/great.

Well done! Tick the box.	Activity 1	Activity 2	Activity 3	Activity 4	Activity 5	Activity 6	Activity 7	Activity 8
Good								
Very good					次			
Excellent							7	

#### Fun Reading

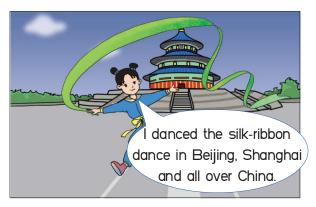
#### How Beautiful the World Is!



There was a young lady called Muli. She was a great dancer from China.



She danced all over the world. She saw all the famous places.



Muli danced in many big cities and beautiful places in China, too.



Muli visited many famous mountains, lakes and temples in China.



One day, Muli went to dance in New Zealand. She saw the people do a strange dance.



Muli saw the most beautiful things in the world. What did she see? Do you agree with her?

72 seventy-two

6下6-10单分i.indd 72

#### Culture Tips

#### Western Traditional Dances



Dear John,

We have many traditional dances in China. Can you tell me about some traditional dances in western countries?

#### Hello, Li Xiao!

I know a few types of traditional dances in western countries.

Ballet first started in Rome in Italy nearly 500 years ago. The ladies danced beautifully in long white dresses. Then, the dance went to France. The French acted a story in the dancing. Then, it went to Russia. The Russians gave us many famous ballet stories. They also taught their children the ballet. Little girls wore short skirts to learn to dance. Later, they became the best ballet dancers in the world.





Ballroom dancing started long ago, too.
The kings and queens, the rich ladies and gentlemen of Austria danced the waltz nearly 200 years ago. It was a lively dance. The ladies wore long dresses, and the men wore long coats to dance in a big room. Many dancers danced together to make a pattern.



While the kings and queens and the rich people in Europe had ballroom dancing, the poor people and farmers had a different type of dance.

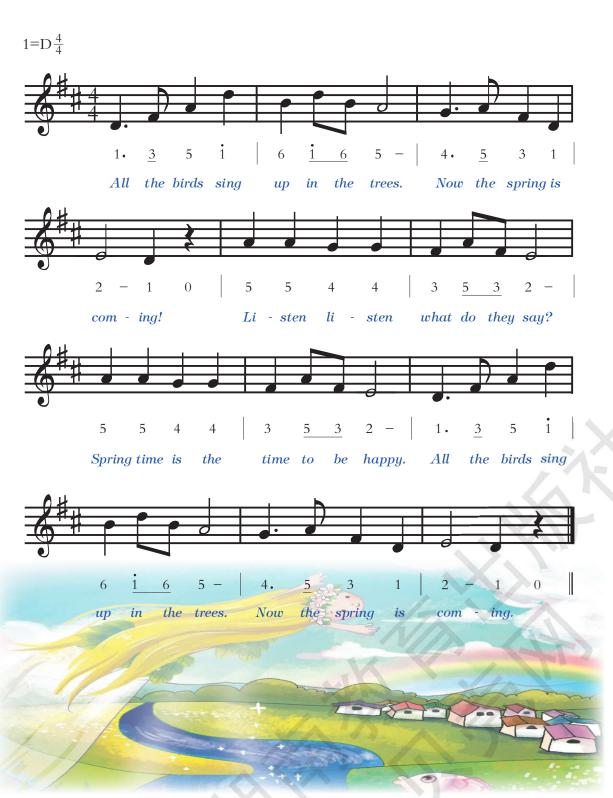
These were called folk dances. There are many kinds of

folk dances in Europe.

seventy-three



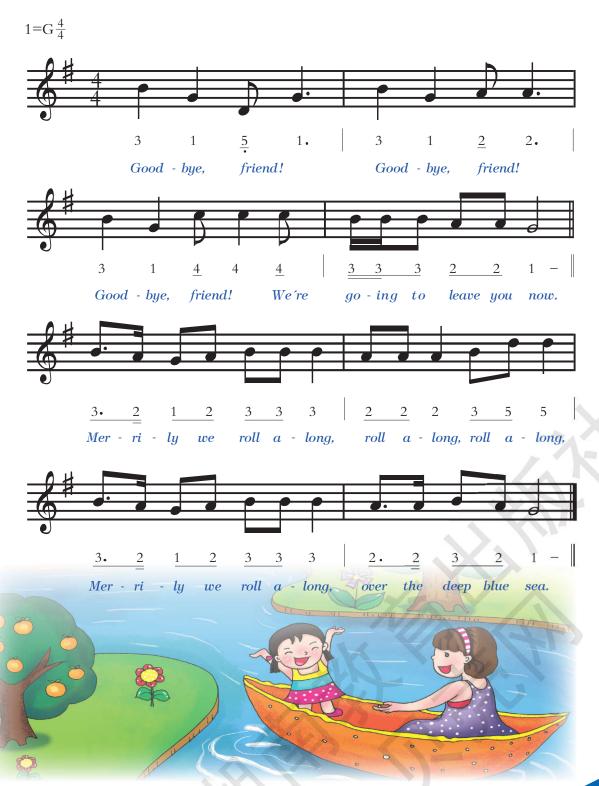
### The Spring is Coming



74 seventy-four

6下附录:indd 74 2019/6/25 22:56:04

### Goodbye, Friend



seventy-five





# 왾 Read Aesop´s Fables and Act 🌽



#### The Peacock and the Crane



A beautiful peacock was standing in the park. Its feathers were blue and red and yellow.

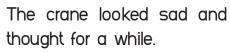
The peacock saw a crane by a tree. The crane was gray and pale. The peacock looked at the crane and laughed at the crane.



Look at me, I am so, so beautiful! Look at you! Your wings have no colour!

seventy-six

6下附录.indd 76







Then the crane smiled and spread its strong wings.

True. But I can fly to the clouds and sing to the stars. You can only walk on the ground. Better to be an ugly bird than a bird that can't fly.



Fine feathers don't make fine birds.



seventy-seven



# 왾 Read Aesop′s Fables and Act 🌽



#### The Brother and the Sister



A father had one son and one daughter. The son was very handsome but the daughter was plain.

Arrghh! Why am I so plain?

One day, the children found their mother's mirror. They looked in the mirror.

> Look, sister. How handsome I am! I must be the most handsome boy in the world.

seventy-eight

# My brother plays with mother's mirror! You must punish him!

Then their father came in. The brother was happy. The sister was angry.

My son, your handsome face is hidden by your ugly words,





My dear daughter, your beauty is hidden by your ugly words.



Beauty is only skin deep.



seventy-nine

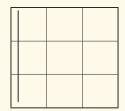
79

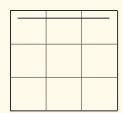
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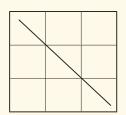


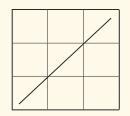
# **Bingo**

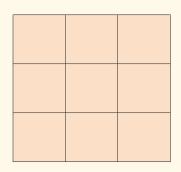
- 1. 学生将单词任意填写在一组表格中,每格摆一个单词。
- 2. 教师任意说出表中的词汇, 让学生们听, 如果说的词与学生摆的词相同(每三个词为一组, 或横三个, 或竖三个, 或斜三个, 只要三个连成一条线的词与教师说的词相同即可, 如下图线条所示), 学生可马上举手喊 "Bingo!"表示胜利, 喊 "Bingo!"数量最多的同学获胜。

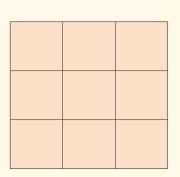


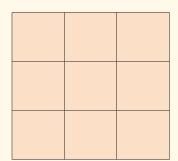


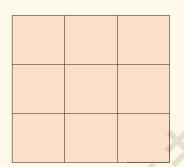












- spring summer wet winter autumn dry actor singer film
- leader woman man brave actress hero wise butterfly bee
- funny ant sing honey silk raincoat song moth umbrella
- exam pass resultsmile sad happylaugh cry excited

# **Find and Circle**

Find the words you learned and circle them.

S	u	m	m	е	r	а	р	а	S	S	I
i	р	0	f	a	i	I	С	r	е	а	а
S	d	r	У	m	S	е	С	t	m	С	u
i	m	n	i	а	i	а	I	r	0	t	g
I	u	i	С	n	n	d	k	i	У	r	h
k	X	n	W	k	g	е	m	h	а	е	i
Z	i	g	İ	h	е	r	0	n	r	S	С
W	i	n	t	е	r	n	t	V	d	S	r
е	i	n	d	q	е	а	h	а	р	р	У
t	h	S	g	У	S	m	i	I	е	f	r
У	b	е	е	X	а	m	а	S	t	0	u
t	h	u	n	d	е	r	S	t	0	r	m



eighty-one

# Words and Expressions in Each Unit

#### Unit I

season /'sizzən/ 季节 它的(所有物) its /its/ dry /drai/ 干燥的,干旱的 wet /wet/ 湿的,潮的;多雨的 autumn /ˈɔːtəm/ 秋, 秋季 winter /'wintə(r)/ 冬,冬季 beach /bixts/ 海滩,沙滩 hot pot 火锅 New Zealand 新西兰 field /fixld/ 田地;运动场 sea /six/ 海,海洋 wear /weə(r)/ 穿(戴)着 snowman /'snəvmæn/ 雪人

#### Unit 2

hey /heɪ/	喂, 嘿
actress /'æktris/	女演员
Mother's Day	母亲节
actor /'æktə(r)/	男演员
greatest	最伟大的
hat /hæt/	帽子
choice /tʃɔɪs/	选择
handbag /ˈhændbæg/	

(女用)手提包

#### Unit 3

was /wbz; wAz/ (is. am 的过去式) 是 聪明的; 明智的 wise /waiz/ woman /ˈwʊmən/ 妇女,女人 lives /laɪvz/ (life的复数形式) 生命 hero /hɪərəʊ/ 英雄 (成年)男人;人 man /mæn/ 勇敢的, 无畏的 brave /breiv/ person /'passən/ 领袖,领导者 leader /'lixdə(r)/ soldier /'səʊldʒə(r)/ 士兵, 军人 Germany /'dʒɜːmənɪ/ 德国 戏剧 play /plei/

#### Unit 4

science field trip last /last; læst/最近的, 上一个的 蝴蝶 butterfly /'batəflai/ 丝;丝织品 silk /silk/ 蜜蜂 bee /bi:/ 蜂蜜 honey /'hʌnɪ/ ant /ænt/ 蚂蚁 excellent /'eksələnt/ 杰出的,优秀的 蛾 moth  $/mp\theta$ ;  $moz\theta/$ 

kg (=kilogram) 千克 洞,洞穴 hole /həʊl/ silkworm /'silkwaxm/ 蚕 产(蛋,卵) lay /lei/ come out of 从……出来 生产 produce /prəv'djuxs; -'duxs/ thread  $/\theta red/$ 细丝 inside /,ın'saıd, 'ın-/ 在里面 museum /mjux'zrəm/ 博物馆

#### Unit 5

topic /'topik/ 题目,话题 从……开始 start with start /start/ 开始 很久以前 long ago 好运气 good luck 端午节 Dragon Boat Festival fifth /fifθ/ 第五 身体;尸体 body /'bbdi/ moon cake 月饼 Carnival /'ka:nivəl/ 狂欢节 Brazil /brəˈzɪl/ 巴西(南美洲国家) Day of the Dead 亡灵节 Mexico /'meksikəu/

墨西哥(北美洲国家)
May Day 国际劳动节
Qingming Festival 清明节
dress up 盛装打扮
ask for 索要
dragon /'drægən/
look like 像;看起来像
triangle /'traɪæŋql/三角,三角形

remember /rɪˈmembə(r)/

记得,记住be angry with 对……生气jump into 跳进die /daɪ/ 死row /rəʊ/ 划船

#### Unit 6

performance /pəˈfɔːməns/ 演出 彩带舞 ribbon dance 扇子舞 fan dance piano /pɪˈænəʊ, pɪˈaː-/ 钢琴 鼓, 鼓声 drum /dr \trians/ 小提琴 violin /.vaiə'lin/ 表演 act /ækt/ 小的 little /'lɪtl/ flower-drum dance 花鼓舞 ladies and gentlemen 女士们, 先生们 演出,表演 perform /pəˈfɔːm/

#### Unit 7

storm /stɔːm/ 暴风雨 heavy /ˈhevɪ/ 沉重的; 大的 raincoat /ˈreɪnkəʊt/ 雨衣 lightning /ˈlaɪtnɪŋ/ 闪电 thunder /ˈθΔndə(r)/ 雷声 dangerous /ˈdeɪndʒərəs/ 危险的, 不安全的

危险的,不安全的 until /ən'tɪl; ʌn-/ 直到……时 pass /paːs; pæs/通过,经过,度过

eighty-three

thunderstorm /'0\u00e1nd\u00e3st\u00e3rm/

雷暴雨,大雷雨 stormy /'stormi/ 暴风雨的 落下 fall down rainwater /'reɪnˌwɔːtə(r); -ˌwɒ-/ 雨水 流入 flow into 泥土,土壤 soil /soil/ 农作物, 庄稼 crop /krpp/ 灌,倒 pour /pɔː(r)/ roll /rəʊl/ 摇摆 ready /'redi/ 准备好的

Unit 8

末尾:尽头:终止 end /end/ 年级 grade /greid/ 不久 soon /suin/ finish /'fɪnɪ[/ 完成,结束 最终的 final /'faɪnəl/ 考试 exam /ɪq'zæm/ 大概, 也许 maybe /'meibix/ 担心 worry /'wari; 'wari/ 尽力,努力 do one's best 成绩;结果 result /rɪˈzʌlt/ 获得; 收到 get /get/ ground /əˈraʊnd/ 大约 junior middle school 初中 习惯, 习性 habit /'hæbit/ 学习技巧 study tip

#### Unit 9

forget /fə'get/ 忘记,遗忘 Terra-cotta Warriors 兵马俑

这样的,如此的 such /sats/ chairman /'tʃeəmən/ 主席 乌鲁木齐 Urumqi /uːˈruːmtʃi/ 省 province /'provins/ capital /'kæpɪtəl/ 首都(府) 民族群体 ethnic groups 丰富多彩的 colourful /'kʌləfʊl/ handicraft /'hændikraift; -kræft/ 手工艺品

#### Unit 10

觉得;给人以……感觉 feel /fixl/ 伤心的, 忧愁的 sad /sæd/ 告别,欢送会 farewell /'feə'wel/ 笑 laugh /laxf; læf/ 困的,想睡的 sleepy /'slixpi/ bored /bord/ 无聊的, 厌烦的 打呼噜 snore /snox(r)/ 再见 so long 保持联系 keep in touch 再见 see you 直到……为止 till /tɪ1/

84 eighty-four

# **Vocabulary**

A		D	
act 表演	U-6	dangerous 危险的,不安全的	<b>U-</b> 7
actor 男演员	U-2	Day of the Dead 亡灵节	U-5
actress 女演员	U-2	die 死	U-5
ant 蚂蚁	U-4	do one's best 尽力,努力	U-8
around 大约	U-8	Dragon Boat Festival	
ask for 索要	U-5	端午节	U-5
autumn 秋,秋季	U-1	dragon 龙	U-5
		dress up 盛装打扮	U-5
В		drum 鼓,鼓声	<b>U-</b> 6
_		dry 干燥的,干旱的	U-1
be angry with 对生气	U-5		
beach 海滩,沙滩	U-1	E	
bee 蜜蜂	U-4	_	
body 身体,尸体	U-5	end 末尾,尽头,终止	<b>U-</b> 8
bored 无聊的,厌烦的	U-10	ethnic groups 民族群体	U-9
brave 勇敢的,无畏的	U-3	exam 考试	U-8
Brazil 巴西(南美洲国家)	U-5	excellent 杰出的,优秀的	U-4
butterfly 蝴蝶	U-4		
		F 🔆	
C			
		fall down 落下	U-7
capital 首都(府)	<b>U-</b> 9	fan dance 扇子舞	<b>U-6</b>
Carnival 狂欢节	U-5	farewell 告别,欢送会	U-10
chairman 主席	<b>U-</b> 9	feel 觉得,给人以感觉	U-10
choice 选择	U-2	field 田地,运动场	U-1
colourful 丰富多彩的	<b>U-</b> 9	fifth 第五	U-5
come out of 从出来	U-4	final 最终的	<b>U-</b> 8
crop 农作物,庄稼	U-7	finish 完成,结束	<b>U-</b> 8
		flow into 流入	<b>U-</b> 7

eighty-five •

flower-drum dance 花鼓舞	U-6	K	
forget 忘记,遗忘	U-9		
		keep in touch 保持联系	<b>U-</b> 10
G		kg (=kilogram) 千克	U-4
Germany 德国	U-3	L	
get 获得,收到	U-8		
good luck 好运气	U-5	ladies and gentlemen	
grade 年级	U-8	女士们,先生们	<b>U-</b> 6
greatest 最伟大的	U-2	last 最近的,上一个的	U-4
		laugh 笑	<b>U-</b> 10
Н		lay 产(蛋,卵)	U-4
		leader 领袖,领导者	U-3
habit 习惯,习性	U-8	lightning 闪电	U-7
handbag (女用)手提包	U-2	little 小的	U-6
handicraft 手工艺品	U <b>-</b> 9	lives (life 的复数形式)生命	U-3
hat 帽子	U-2	long ago 很久以前	<b>U-</b> 5
heavy 沉重的;大的	<b>U-</b> 7	look like 像,看起来像	U-5
hero 英雄	U-3		
hey 喂,嘿	U-2	M	
hole 洞,洞穴	U-4		
honey 蜂蜜	U-4	man (成年)男人,人	U-3
hot pot 火锅	U-1	May Day 国际劳动节	U-5
		maybe 大概,也许	<b>U-</b> 8
l l		Mexico	
		墨西哥(北美洲国家)	U-5
inside 在里面	U-4	moon cake 月饼	U-5
its 它的(所有物)	U-1	moth 蛾	U-4
		Mother's Day 母亲节	U-2
J		museum 博物馆	U-4
jump into 跳进	U-5	N/A	
junior middle school 初中	U-8		
		New Zealand 新西兰	<b>U-</b> 1

6下附录.indd 86

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P		silkworm 蚕 silk 丝,丝织品	U-4 U-4
pass 通过,经过,度过	U-7	sleepy 困的,想睡的	U-10
perform 演出,表演	U-6	snore 打呼噜	U-10
performance 演出	U-6	snowman 雪人	U-1
person 人	U-3	so long 再见	U-10
piano 钢琴	U-6	soil 泥土,土壤	U-7
play 戏剧	U-3	soldier 士兵,军人	U-3
pour 灌,倒	U-7	soon 不久	U-8
produce 生产	U-4	start 开始	U-5
province 省	U-9	start with 从开始	U-5
		storm 暴风雨	U-7
0		stormy 暴风雨的	U-7
		study tip 学习技巧	<b>U-</b> 8
Qingming Festival 清明节	U-5	such 这样的,如此的	<b>U-</b> 9
R		т	
raincoat 雨衣	U-7	Terra-cotta Warriors 兵马俑	Í U−9
raincoat 雨衣 rainwater 雨水	U-7 U-7	Terra-cotta Warriors 兵马俑 thread 细丝	Í U−9 U−4
rainwater 雨水			
	U-7	thread 细丝	U-4 U-7
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的	U-7 U-7	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声	U-4 U-7
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住	U-7 U-7 U-5	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨	U-4 U-7 ī U-7
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题	U-4 U-7 vi U-7 U-10
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞 roll 摇摆 row 划船	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6 U-7	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞 roll 摇摆	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6 U-7	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题 triangle 三角,三角形	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5 U-5
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞 roll 摇摆 row 划船	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6 U-7 U-5	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题 triangle 三角,三角形  U  until 直到时	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5 U-5
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞 roll 摇摆 row 划船  S sad 伤心的,忧愁的	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6 U-7 U-5	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题 triangle 三角,三角形	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5 U-5
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞 roll 摇摆 row 划船  S  sad 伤心的,忧愁的 science field trip 科学考察	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6 U-7 U-5	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题 triangle 三角,三角形  U  until 直到时	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5 U-5
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞 roll 摇摆 row 划船  S  sad 伤心的,忧愁的 science field trip 科学考察 sea 海,海洋	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6 U-7 U-5 U-10 U-4 U-1	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题 triangle 三角,三角形  U  until 直到时	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5 U-5
rainwater 雨水 ready 准备好的 remember 记得,记住 result 成绩;结果 ribbon dance 彩带舞 roll 摇摆 row 划船  S  sad 伤心的,忧愁的 science field trip 科学考察	U-7 U-7 U-5 U-8 U-6 U-7 U-5	thread 细丝 thunder 雷声 thunderstorm 雷暴雨,大雷雨 till 直到为止 topic 题目,话题 triangle 三角,三角形  U  until 直到时	U-4 U-7 Ū-7 U-10 U-5 U-5

eighty-seven <

#### W

was (is, am 的过去式)是	U-3
wear 穿(戴)着	U-1
wet 湿的,潮的,多雨的	U-1
winter 冬,冬季	<b>U-</b> 1
wise 聪明的,明智的	U-3
woman 妇女,女人	U-3
worry 担心	IJ-8

### Famous Persons

Einstein 爱因斯坦
Harriet Tubman 哈里特·塔布曼
Kongzi (Confucius) 孔子
Marie Curie 玛丽·居里
Norman Bethune 诺尔曼·白求恩
William Shakespeare 威廉·莎士比亚

### The Sights of China

Dongting Lake (湖南)洞庭湖 Elephant Rock (广西桂林)象鼻山 End of the Earth (海南三亚)天涯海角 Red Hill (新疆乌鲁木齐)红山 Temple of Heaven (北京)天坛 the Pearl Tower (上海)明珠塔 Tian'anmen Square (北京)天安门广场 West Lake (浙江杭州)西湖 Yuelu Academy (湖南长沙)岳麓书院

88 eighty-eight

# Appendices

# **Phonics**

boy car bear cap table doctor city cinema

dear dad red

duck

fine fish after sofa

g

baby

give get dog bag

gym giant orange vegetable

music

hat hand his horse

pencil

exercise

jump July **J**apan jacket

kid kite thank worker

leg lion ruler toilet pupil pencil difficult welcome man mum tomato room

m

nice noodle snow morning

sun pen window want

thank think

put pig map paper

q quiet

quite question liquid

read

run river finger

S sit socks

exam

exact

bus desk

his tea legs tiger busy but easy tomato

٧

very visit love favourite W

water windy tower flower

X box

six next taxi

yes **Z**00 year zero yellow you

eighty-nine



6下附录:indd 90 2019/6/25 22:56:16

# 常用习惯用语和固定搭配

have to 不得不,必须
They have to study very hard.
他们必须非常努力地学习。

a kind of 一种,一类 There is a kind of fruit here. 这里有一种水果。

#### for example 例如

For example, the theme can be space, water, or science.

例如,关于太空、水或科学的主题公园。

next to 紧接着,相邻 Next to the bookshop is a big park. 书店紧邻着一个大公园。

#### look forward to 盼望

Zhou Lin and his friends are looking forward to the holidays.

周林和他的朋友正盼望着假期的到来。

do one's best 尽最大的努力 We will do our best and pass the exam. 我们会尽最大的努力通过考试。

a pair of 一双,一副 I have a new pair of sneakers. 我有一双新运动鞋。

after school 放学后 Let's play football after school. 放学后我们去踢足球吧。 come from 出生(于),来自 He comes from the US. 他来自美国。

fall ill 患病,病倒 I can't come to school today because I fall ill. 今天我不能上学,因为我病了。

#### go for a walk 散步

I usually go for a walk with my mum after dinner.

我通常晚饭后跟妈妈一起散步。

#### look for 寻找

I am looking for my pencil. 我正在寻找我的铅笔。

#### on duty 值日, 值班

I'm on duty today. Please wait for me after school.

今天我值日。放学后请等我一会儿。

too ... to ... 太 ······ 以至于不能 ······ The water is too hot to drink. 水太热了不能喝。

#### first of all 首先

First of all, I must finish my homework. 首先,我必须完成我的家庭作业。

be strict with 对 ······严格要求 Ms Li is very strict with us. 李老师对我们要求非常严格。

ninety-one

# 一般过去时

#### 基本概念

一般过去时主要表示过去发生的动作或存在的状态。谓语的动词形式为动词的过去式。





#### 基本形式

★ be 动词的一般过去时:

主语 + be(was/were) + 其他。如:

I was late for school yesterday.

They were in the park on Monday.

★实义动词的一般过去时:

主语+动词过去式+其他。如:

Zhou Lin watched TV last night. Harry visited Andy in China last year.

#### 基本用法

★表示过去某个时间发生的动作或存在的状态,常与 last week/year, yesterday 等时间连用。如:
Wang Li and I played basketball yesterday.

我和王莉昨天打篮球了。

They danced last year.

他们去年跳舞了。

He went to the bookshop this Saturday. 这个星期六他去了书店。

My father bought a gift for me yesterday. 昨天我的父亲给我买了一件礼物。

★表示在过去一段时间里,经常发生的 或习惯性的动作或状态。如:

I often watched football games last month.

我上个月经常看足球比赛。

Lei Feng always helped people. 雷锋总是帮助人们。





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